Manila Community
Services District
Basic Financial Statements
June 30, 2018

# Manila Community Services District Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018 Table of Contents

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# **Independent Auditor's Report**

Board of Directors Manila Community Services District Arcata, California

# Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and each major fund of the Manila Community Services District, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Manila Community Services District's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

# Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

# Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with audited standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the district's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the district's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

# **Summary of Opinions**

Opinion Unit

Governmental Activities

Business-Type Activities

General Fund & Enterprise Fund

Teen Fund

Type of Opinion

Qualified

Qualified

Qualified

Unmodified

# Basis for Qualified Opinions on All Opinion Units except Teen Fund

Management has not been able to provide sufficient information to demonstrate that the General Fund has the ability to repay the interfund loan payable to the enterprise fund within a reasonable period of time. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that if repayment is not expected within a reasonable period of time, that the interfund balance should be reduced, and the lender fund should report a transfer to the borrower fund for the amount that is not expected to be repaid within a reasonable period of time. The balance of the interfund loan was \$182,341 at June 30, 2018.

### **Qualified Opinions**

In my opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinions on All Opinion Units except the Teen Fund paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, general fund, and enterprise fund of the Manila Community Services District, California, as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position thereof, and, where applicable,, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

# **Unmodified Opinion**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects the respective financial position of the Teen Fund of the Manila Community Services District, California, as of June 30, 2018 and the respective changes in financial position thereof, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### **Other Matters**

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 3 through 11 and the Budgetary Comparison Schedules on pages 32 through 33 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context .I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

# Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Manila Community Services District's basic financial statements. The accompanying combining schedule of water and sewer revenues, expenses and changes in net position are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining schedule is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining schedule of water and sewer revenues, expenses and changes in net position, are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report, dated November 30, 2018, on my consideration of the Manila Community Services District's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the Manila Community Services District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Terry E. Krieg Certified Public Accountant Santa Rosa, California November 30, 2018

This section of the Manila Community Service District annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2018.

# FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total net position increased by about \$330,000 over the course of this year's operations. The net position of our business-type activities increased by about \$336,000 and there was a \$6,000 decrease in the net position of our governmental activities. While there was a \$330,000 net increase, the main reason for the increase was the \$329,000 in capital grant revenue in the business-type funds related to the design work for the water system improvement project.
- During the year, the costs of operating the District's governmental activities were \$35,000 more than the related program revenues. This loss was reduced to \$6,000 by using property tax and other revenues. Most of the \$35,000 decrease in net position is caused by a \$29,000 depreciation charge. Property taxes, rent revenues, and other user fees are used to fund the governmental activities
- In the District's business-type activities, there was in fiscal 2018 a \$336,000 net increase after depreciation charges of about \$38,000. Most of this was from capital grant revenues related to the water system design grant. The District was in 2018 awarded a \$355,000 state grant for a wastewater system improvement project (mainly design costs).
- The general fund ended fiscal 2018 with a fund deficit of about \$95,000. This was an \$19,000 improvement over fiscal 2017. The Teen fund ended 2018 with a \$24,700 fund balance.
- At year-end, there was about \$108,200 in cash and investments to fund future governmental activities, and about \$371,000 in cash and investments to fund future business-type activities.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, notes to the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's *overall* financial status. The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the District government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
  - The *governmental funds* statements tell how *general government* services like recreation, youth activities, the community center, and general administration were financed in the *short term* as well as what remains for future spending.
  - Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the water and wastewater operations.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the District's financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Major Features of Manila Community Services District Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

		Fund Sta	tements
	Government-Wde Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire District	The activities of the District that is not proprietary or fiduciary, such as community center, parks and recreation, and youth programs.	Activities the District operates similar to private businesses: the water and wastewater operations
Required financial statements	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> <li>Statement of activities</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Statement of net position</li> <li>Statement of revenues expenses, and changes in net position</li> <li>Statement of cash flows</li> </ul>
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

### **Government-Wide Statements**

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes *all* the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's *net position* and how it has changed. Net position – the difference between the District's assets and liabilities – is one way to measure the District's financial health, or *position*.

# **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

# **Government-Wide Statements (Continued)**

• Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its Financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities The District's basic services for community center activities, recreation and parks, youth programs and general government are included here. Rents, state and local grants, and charges for services finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities The District charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs
  of certain services it provides. The District's water and wastewater activities are included
  here.

# **Fund Financial Statements**

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

• The Board of Directors establishes certain funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain grants (like youth program grants).

The District has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Youth programs, community center, parks and recreation and district administration basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds Services which are primarily supported by fees and charges for services, such as the water and wastewater, are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-and short-term financial information.
  - In fact, the District's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

**Net Position.** The District's *combined* net position increased by about a net \$330,100 between fiscal years 2018 and 2017. (See Table A-1.)

Table A-1

Manila Community Services District Net Position
(rounded to nearest hundred)

	Governmer	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	To	otal	Total Percentage Change
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2017-2018
Current and other assets	\$113,600	\$105,700	\$558,200	\$445,100	\$671,800	\$550,800	22 %
Internal balances	(182,300)	(190,300)	182,300	190,300	-	-	**
Capital assets	1,175,000	1,199,900	1,274,700	987,500	2,449,700	2,187,500	12%
Total assets	1,106,300	1,115,300	2,015,200	1,622,900	3,121,500	2,738,300	14%
Long-term debt outstanding	-	-	-	13.300	-	13,300	-100%
Other liabilities	1,600	4,900	206,400	136,700	208,000	141,600	47%
Total liabilities	1,600	4,900	206,400	150,000	208,000	154,900	34%
Net position							
Invested in capital assets	1,175,000	1,199,900	1,274,700	974,200	2,449,700	2,174,200	11%
Restricted	24,700	24,700	97,900	105,900	122,600	130,600	-6%
Unrestricted	(95,000)	(114,200)	436,200	392,800	341,200	278,600	22%
Total net position	\$1,104,700	\$1,110,400	\$1,808,800	\$1,472,900	\$2,913,500	\$2,583,400	13%

Net position of the District's governmental activities decreased about \$5,700 to \$1.1 million. About 100% of the net position relating to governmental activities is represented by the District's investment in capital assets (land, equipment and facilities) The District has no significant debt relating to its governmental activities.

The net position of our business-type activities increased significantly in fiscal 2018. These resources generally cannot be used for governmental activities. The District uses these net resources to finance the continuing operations of the District's water and wastewater activities.

There was in fiscal 2018 a \$336,000 net increase in the net position of the District business type activities caused mainly by the \$329,400 in Proposition One capital grant revenues related to the planning and design grant for water system improvements.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

**Changes in net position.** The District's total revenues in fiscal 2018 were about \$795,000 (See Table A-2.) which was about \$261,000 more than total 2017 revenues. Most of this increase was the result of the Proposition 1 planning grant revenues in 2018. Virtually 85 cents of every dollar raised by the District comes from charges for providing water, wastewater collection services, and community center rents and recreation fees. The remaining 15 cents of every dollar raised comes from property taxes and grants.

The total cost of all programs and services in fiscal 2018 decreased \$49,000 to about \$464,400. The District's expenses cover a range of services, with about 76% related to water and wastewater and the remaining 24 percent pertaining to the community center, parks and recreation activities and District administration.

# Sources of revenues for the District's governmental and business type activities in fiscal 2018 were as follows:

Sources of District Revenues	Percentage
Property taxes	4%
Charges for services	54
Operating grants	0
Capital contributions and connections	41
Other revenues	1
Total sources	100.0%

# Functional expenses of the District for fiscal 2018 were as follows:

Expense category	Percentage
Community center	17%
Parks and recreation	7
Water	36
Wastewater	40
Total functional expenses by function	100.0%

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

# **Revenues and Expenses of the District**

Table A-2
Changes in Manila Community Service District Net Position (rounded to nearest hundred dollars)

	Gove	rnmenta	I Activities	Business-T	ype Activities	Tot	als	Total Percent Change
	201	8	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2017-2018
Revenues								
Program revenues:								
Charges for services	\$ 7	75,200	\$85,100	\$ 350,400	\$ 334,500	\$425,600	\$419,600	1%
Capital contributions		3,700	-	329,400	70,100	333,100	70,000	376%
General revenues:								
Property taxes	2	28,400	29,000	3,900	11,600	32,300	40,600	-20%
Other revenues	**************************************			3,600	3,000	3,600	3,000	20%
Total revenues	10	7,300	114,100	687,300	419,200	794,600	533,300	49%
Expenses								
Parks and recreation	3	32,600	29,500	-	-	32,600	29,500	11%
Water		-	-	165,200	184,300	165,200	184,300	-11%
Wastewater		-	-	186,300	210,500	186,300	210,500	-11%
Community center	8	30,300	89,100			80,300	89,100	-10%
Total expenses	11	2,900	118,600	351,500	394,800	464,400	513,400	-10%
Excess (deficiency)	(	5,600)	(4,500)	335,800	24,000	330,200	19,900	1558%
Transfers	-	-		-				-
Increase (decrease)								
in net position	(:	5,600)	\$ (4,500)	\$ 335,800	\$ 24,000	\$ 330,200	\$ 19,900	1559%

The increase in net position in fiscal 2018 compared to fiscal 2017 was directly related to the District recognizing about \$329,400 in Proposition 1 grant revenues for the water system planning and design project in the business type activities.

Table A-3 presents the cost of each of the District's largest programs – parks and recreation, community center, water, and wastewater.

- The cost of all *governmental* activities this year was about \$5,700 less than in fiscal 2017. The main reason for the decrease being lower maintenance and repairs costs in fiscal 2018.
- The total cost of all business activities this year was about \$44,000 less than in fiscal 2017. Most of the decrease was caused by the \$20,000 for rate studies in fiscal 2017 and about an additional \$13,000 decrease caused by lower purchased water costs as the District received about an \$1,100 a month credit against these costs from the local water district as a rebate of costs from prior years.

# FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

# **Governmental Activities**

The governmental activities operated at a net loss of about \$35,000 and this includes about \$29,000 for depreciation expense in fiscal 2018. Of that loss, \$28,000 was funded by property taxes and the rest was charged to accumulated resources. Most of these costs are funded by:

- Those who directly benefited from the programs \$75,200 or
- Property taxes of about \$28,000
- The District paid for the \$34,000 "public benefit" portion with \$28,000 in property taxes. Even with this, there was about \$6,000 left unfunded which amount used more of the governmental type resources.

Table A-3
Cost of Manila Community Services District Governmental and
Business-Type Activities
(in rounded thousands of dollars)

	Total Cost	of Services	Percentage Change
	2018	2017	2017-2018
Parks & recreation	\$32,600	\$29,500	11%
Water	165,200	184,300	-10%
Wastewater	186,300	210,500	-11%
Community center	80,300	100,900	10%
Total	\$464,400	\$513,400	-10%

# **Business-type Activities**

Customer service revenues of the District's business-type activities reported a \$6,000 overall increase in revenues from customers and no capital connection revenues in fiscal 2018.

Expenses in fiscal 2018 reported a combined \$43,000 decrease compared to fiscal 2017. The main reasons for the decrease in expenses was that the monthly credit reduction for purchased water and the absence of rate study costs in fiscal 2018.

The District was awarded an additional \$355,000 planning and design grant for its wastewater system in fiscal 2018; and District just started incurring costs for this program in late fiscal 2018.

### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a *combined* fund deficit of \$70,300. This was about \$19,300 lower compared to the end of 2017.

The District's one enterprise Fund ended the 2087 fiscal year with about \$436,000 in unrestricted net position consisting primarily of cash and investments. In addition, the enterprise fund had \$98,000 in cash restricted for capital facilities, debt service on a loan, and capital connection fees to be used for system connections.

# General Fund and Teen Fund Budgetary Highlights

General fund spending was \$2,800 less than the final budgeted costs. General fund revenues were \$15,000 over what was anticipated for fiscal 2018.

# **CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION**

# **Capital Assets**

At the end of 2018, the District had invested \$2.4 million (after accumulated depreciation) in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, park facilities, community center, water treatment and distribution, and wastewater collection and treatment facilities. (See Table A-4.)This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of about \$262,200, or 12 percent, more than last year. The major capital asset projects included about \$325,600 in planning and design costs for the water system improvement project. Additional information about the District's capital assets can be found on page 27 of this report.

Table A-4

Manila Community Services District Capital Assets (net of depreciation, in rounded dollars)

Total

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Т	otal	Percentage Change
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017	2017-2018
Land and work in progress	\$ 740,900	\$ 740,900	\$479,600	\$ 154,000	\$ 1,220,500	\$894,900	36%
Buildings and improvements	1,037,700	1,034,000	-	-	1,037,700	1,034,000	0%
Machinery & equipment	67,000	67,000	149,300	149,300	216,300	216,300	0%
Water plant and system	-	-	343,000	343,000	343,000	343,000	0%
Wastewater system			5,461,300	5,461,300	5,461,300	5,461,300	0%
Total Less accumulated	1,845,600	1,841,900	6,433,200	6,107,600	8,278,800	7,949,500	4%
depreciation	(670,600)	(641,900)	(5,158,500)	(5,120,100)	(5,829,100)	(5,762,000)	1%
Net capital assets	\$ 1,175,000	\$ 1,200,000	\$ 1,274,700	\$ 987,500	\$2,449,700	\$2,187,500	12%

The District was awarded in fiscal 2017 a \$500,000 water system improvement grant by the State of California. The project was commenced in fiscal 2017 and continued in 2018. That project is the main reason for the increase in work in progress costs. The grant provides funding for engineering, analysis costs, and final project design costs among other related project costs. The District has also capitalized \$21,680 in costs for the reconstruction costs of an small building with \$17,979 related to prior years and \$3,701 incurred in fiscal 2018.

# Long-term Debt

The District has been able to conduct its operations and maintain and develop its capital facilities and systems without the need to incur significant long-term borrowing except for a State Loan for water system improvements. The loan was fully retired in fiscal 2018. Additional information about the District's long-term debt can be found starting on page 29.

# **ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

For the 2019 fiscal year, the general fund revenues are expected to remain stable.

Much of the 2019 fiscal year will be devoted to completing the water system planning grant and related system improvement design costs. In addition, work has commenced on the \$355,000 wastewater planning and design grant which will be requiring management's attention in fiscal 2019.

The District's wastewater system is approaching the end of its useful life and may need replacement or modernization in the near future. The District may need to consider ways of financing such system improvements.

# CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the General Manager, Manila Community Services District, 1901 Park Street, Arcata, California 95521

# MANILA COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Statement of Net Position June 30, 2018

		vernmental Activities		siness Type Activities		Total
ASSETS Current assets:	All decomposition from the control of the control o		Manintalantikalistanian	of he defends the first process are not a state on the conversal and the conversal a		metern and Construction and The Analysis of the State of
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Intergovernmental receivable Inventory	\$	108,195 5,466 - -	\$	225,057 39,798 134,285 13,158	\$	333,252 45,264 134,285 13,158
Total current assets		113,661	***************************************	412,298	Name and the second	525,959
Noncurrent assets: Restricted cash and cash equivalents Internal balances Net capital assets		- (182,341) 1,175,003		145,823 182,341 1,274,734		145,823 - 2,449,737
Total noncurrent assets	62660000000000000000000000000000000000	992,662		1,602,898	**************************************	2,595,560
Total assets	\$	1,106,323	\$	2,015,196	\$	3,121,519
LIABILITIES Current liabilities:    Accounts payable    Deposits    Compensated absences    Unearned advances    Unearned capital connections	\$	(243) 1,350 - 490 -	\$	143,830 22,207 11,740 - 26,155	\$	143,587 23,557 11,740 490 26,155
Total current liabilities	MONton and allows who are constructed and	1,597	The residence of the second	203,932	NACOSAN CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY	205,529
Noncurrent liabilities: Compensated absences		<b></b>	professional construction of the second	2,500		2,500
Total noncurrent liabilities	Spanish and spanis			2,500		2,500
Total liabilities		1,597		206,432	***************************************	208,029
NET POSITION  Net investment in capital assets  Restricted for:		1,175,003		1,274,734		2,449,737
Capital projects				97,886		97,886
Teen programs Unrestricted		24,674 (94,951)		- 436,144		24,674 341,193
Total net position		1,104,726	******************************	1,808,764		2,913,490
Total liabilities and net position	\$	1,106,323	\$	2,015,196	\$	3,121,519

# MANILA COMMUNITY SERVICE DISTRICT Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net (Expenses) Revenue and

				Progr	Program Revenues	es			<u>ე</u>	anges ir	Changes in Net Position	u <sub>o</sub>	
										District G	District Government		
	Expenses	ses	Charges for Services	!	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capit	Capital Grants and Contributions	Gove	Governmental Activities	Busine	Business-type Activities		Total
District government:  Governmental activities: Parks and recreation Community center	\$ 32	32,649 80,296	\$ 4,425 69,799	æ     æ 21	1 1	€-	3,701	₩	(28,224) (6,796)	↔	1 1	↔	(28,224)
Total governmental activities_	112	112,945	74,224	4	ı		3,701		(35,020)		1		(35,020)
Business-Type Activities: Water Wastewater	165	165,232 186,302	163,721 186,688	- w	1 1		329,370		1 1		327,859		327,859
Total business-type activities	351	351,534	350,409		1		329,370		1		328,245		328,245
Total District government	\$ 464	464,479	\$ 424,633	& R		↔	333,071		(35,020)		328,245		293,225
General revenues: General revenues: Property taxes Unrestricted investment earnings								₩	28,358	₩	3,928	↔	32,286
Total general revenues									29,330		7,577		36,907
Change in net position									(5,690)		335,822		330,132
Net position, beginning									1,110,416		1,472,942		2,583,358
Net position, ending								8	1,104,726	€	1,808,764	<del>⇔</del>	2,913,490

# MANILA COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2018

	Con	eral Fund	To	en Fund	Go	ı otal vernmental Funds
ASSETS	Gen	erai ruiiu	16			runus
Cash and investments Cash with County Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$	20,554 87,641 5,466	\$	- - - 24,674	\$	20,554 87,641 5,466 24,674
Total assets LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	113,661	\$	24,674	\$	138,335
Liabilities: Accounts payable Deposits Due to other funds Advances from other funds Unearned advances	\$	(243) 1,350 24,674 182,341 490	\$	- - - -	\$	(243) 1,350 24,674 182,341 490
Total liabilities		208,612		-		208,612
Fund balances: Restricted for teen programs Unassigned	EUROSCO Deposition de la constantina della const	- (94,951)		24,674 -		24,674 (94,951)
Total fund balances		(94,951)		24,674		(70,277)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	113,661	\$	24,674	\$	138,335
Total Governmental Fund Balances					\$	(70,277)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:  Capital assets used in governmental activities financial resources and therefore are not reported.	are not	ı the funds				1,175,003
Net Position of Governmental Activities					\$	1,104,726

# MANILA COMMUNITY SERVICES DISTRICT Statements of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Gen	eral Fund	Teer	n Fund		Total ernmental Funds
REVENUES Rents Charges for services Property taxes Interest	\$	69,799 4,425 28,358 972	\$		\$	69,799 4,425 28,358 972
Total revenues	Management of the American	103,554	Name of the Control o		NOT THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER OF THE OWNER O	103,554
EXPENDITURES Current: Parks Community center  Total expenditures		27,132 57,139 84,271				27,132 57,139 84,271
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		19,283	Minimum and complete constraints and constraints are constraints and constraints are constraints and constraints and constraints are constraints and constraints are constraints and constrain		ESSECUENCIA DE LA COMPANIO DEL COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DEL COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DEL COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DEL COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DEL COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DEL COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DEL COMPANIO DEL COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DEL COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DE LA COMPANIO DEL CO	19,283
Net change in fund balances		19,283		-		19,283
Fund balances, July 1	#UMMANDUMOUS CONTROL	(114,234)		24,674		(89,560)
Fund balances, June 30	\$	(94,951)	\$	24,674	\$	(70,277)

# MANILA COMMUNITY SERVICE DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$	19,283
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:  Donated capital asset construction costs do not provide current financial resources and are not reported in the funds  Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.  However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays		3,701
exceed depreciation (\$28,674) in the current period.	Relationship	(28,674)
Net differences	Tomania manka masayaning Tamania kalang kapana kang	(24,973)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	(5,690)

Assets:			
Current a		¢.	00.404
	Cash Cash equivalents	\$	88,131 136,926
	Accounts receivable,net		39,798
	Intergovernmental receivable		134,285
	Materials and supplies inventory	material	13,158
	Total current assets	<b>4000000000000000000000000000000000000</b>	412,298
Restricted			40.405
	Cash equivalents - debt service Cash equivalents - capital projects		13,405
	Cash equivalents - Capital projects	<b>E</b>	132,418
	Total restricted assets	***************************************	145,823
Capital as			
	Capital assets not being depreciated		479,636
	Capital assets being depreciated  Less accumulated depreciation		5,953,596
	Less accumulated depreciation	Mariniman	(5,158,498)
Other ass	Total net capital assets	MINISTER CONTRACTOR OF CONTRAC	1,274,734
01.101 000	Advances to other funds	***************************************	182,341
	Total other asset	жанамаличина	182,341
Total Asse	ets	\$	2,015,196
	and Net Assets:		
Current lia			
	Accounts payable	\$	143,830
	Customer deposits		22,207
	Unearned capital connections Compensated absences		26,155
		COMMUNICIPALISM	11,740
Manauman	Total current liabilities		203,932
Noncurrer	nt liabilities: Compensated absences		2,500
	Total noncurrent liabilities	Martin Colonia de Colo	2,500
Total liabi	ities		206,432
Net Positi		*Manufacture records	
	Net investment in capital assets		1,274,734
	Restricted Unrestricted		97,886
	Onrestricted		436,144
Total Net	Position	\$	1,808,764

# Manila Community Services District Proprietary Enterprise Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Operating Revenues: Water Sales Sewer service fees	\$	159,327 179,782
Other operating revenues  Total operating revenues	\$400-PF-40040200000	11,300 350,409
Total operating revenues		330,409
Operating expenses:     Salaries, wages, and benefits     Administration     Maintenance     Professional services     Travel and utilities     Water purchases     Other expenses     Depreciation		171,617 22,981 25,067 12,200 29,525 48,201 3,360 38,376
Total operating expenses	Wilesafe digrate conscious	351,327
Operating Income(Loss)	#Milespecial distribution	(918)
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment income Property taxes Interest expense	***************************************	3,649 3,928 (207)
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		7,370
Capital contributions	######################################	329,370
Change in Net Position		335,822
Net Position Beginning of Period		1,472,942
Net Position End of Period	\$	1,808,764

Cash Flows From Operating Activities:  Cash received from customers  Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services  Cash payments to employees for wages and benefits	\$ 344,871 (150,692) (179,012)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities: Property taxes collected Advances to other funds	15,167 3,928 8,000
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities  Cash Flows From Capital and Related Financing Activities:  Principal payments on long-term obligations  Capital asset costs  Interest paid on long-term obligations  Proposition 1 capital grant  Net cash provided by (used for) capital and related financing activities	11,928 (13,255) (204,867) (207) 222,523
Cash Flows From Investing Activities: Investment income receipts	3,649
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents  Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning of Period	34,938 335,942
Cash and Cash Equivalents, End of Period	\$ 370,880
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash provided operating activities:  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provded by operating activities:  Depreciation  Change in assets and liabilities: Decrease (increase) in receivables Decrease (increase) in inventory Decrease (increase) in prepayments Decrease (increase) in capital connections Increase (decrease) in accounts payable Increase (decrease) in deposits Increase in payroll liabilities Increase (decrease) in compensated absences	\$ (918) 38,376 (5,538) (2,995) 6,749 (4,330) (9,303) 521 (7,387) (8)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities	\$ 15,167

# Noncash Financing Activities:

None

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

# A. Reporting Entity

The District is a Community Services District governed by an elected five member Board of Directors. The accompanying financial statements present the government and its component units, entities for which the government is considered to be financially accountable.

There are no legally separate component units or entities for which the District is financially accountable

# B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely, to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. *Direct expenses* are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. *Program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as *general revenues*.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources* measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

# C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Property taxes, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The *General Fund* is the government's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government (which for this District is its community center operations and parks and recreation), except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The *Teen Fund, a major special revenue fund,* is maintained to account for Youth Program activities. The District discontinued operation of the grant funded portion of its youth programs effective September 30, 2015.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The water fund accounts for the operations of the District's water treatment and distribution system. The wastewater fund accounts for the operation of the District's wastewater collection activities.

The District applies all applicable Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements issued before November 30, 1989 in accounting for its proprietary and government-wide operations, and the provisions of GASB Statement Number 62, Codification of Accounting and Financial reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the District's water and wastewater function and other functions of the District. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as *general revenues* rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with the proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the costs of sales and services, administration costs and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30. 2018

- 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)
- D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity

# 1. Deposits and Investments

The District is authorized by its most recent investment policy to invest in the State of California Local Agency Investment Fund, time deposits and savings and demand accounts and the Humboldt County Treasurer's Investment Fund.

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments for the District are reported at fair value. The State Treasurer's Investment Pool and the Humboldt County Treasurer's Investment Pool operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations. The reported value of the pools is the same as the fair value of the pool shares.

# 2. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in applicable government funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

All trade and property tax receivables are not shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

Property taxes are levied as of March 1 on property values assessed as of the same date. State statutes provide that the property tax rate be limited generally to one percent of market value, be levied by only the County, and be shared by applicable jurisdictions. The County of Humboldt collects the taxes and distributes them to taxing jurisdictions on the basis of assessed valuations subject to voter-approved debt. Property taxes are due on November 1 and March 1, and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10. The District receives property taxes pursuant to an arrangement with the County known as the "Teeter Plan". Under the plan, the County assumes responsibility for the collection of delinquent taxes and pays the full allocation to the District. The District recognizes property tax revenues in the fiscal year in which they are due to the District.

# 3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when used or consumed.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. These prepayments are offset by a nonspendable fund balance account in the governmental fund financial statements to indicate that prepayments are not available for appropriation.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

- 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)
- D. Assets, Liabilities, and Net Assets or Equity (Continued)

# 4. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental-type or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Under the GASB 34 Implementation Rules, the District is a Phase 3 entity and was not required to record infrastructure assets existing or acquired prior to July 1, 2003 at the date these new financial reporting standards were implemented; and the District has not recorded such assets. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of the business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. Property, plant, and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings and improvements	30 to 60
Plants	45 to 50
Mains and laterals	30
Machinery and equipment	5 – 15

# 5. Compensated Absences and Other Post Employment Benefit Obligations

It is the government's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Other post employment benefit obligations are reported as incurred in the proprietary and government-wide financial statements using the accrual basis of accounting. The District does not provide any post-employment benefits such as retiree medical. The District provides no retirement plan benefits and is not a member of the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS),

# 6. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and the proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position.

# 7. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds

Fund balances for governmental funds are reported in classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints about the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. These classifications include (1) nonspendable, (2) restricted, (3) committed, (4) assigned and (5) unassigned amounts.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 7. Fund Balances – Governmental Funds (Continued)

Nonspendable amounts generally are items not expected to be converted into cash such as inventories and prepaid amounts. Restricted amounts include those where constraints placed on the use of resources are externally imposed by grantors, contributors, other governments, or by laws and regulations. Committed amounts are those amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose as determined by the District's Board of Directors. Such committed amounts may be redeployed for other uses only by direction of the district's Board of Directors. Assigned amounts are fund balance amounts constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes as determined by the District's General Manager. Unassigned fund balance amounts is the residual classification of the general fund only,

When expenditures are incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) amounts are available, the District considers restricted amounts to have been spent first. When expenditures are incurred for which any class of unrestricted fund balance could be used, the District considers committed amounts would be reduced first, followed by assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts.

# 8. Comparative Data

Comparative total data for the prior year have been presented in order to provide an understanding of the changes in net assets. Also, certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified to be consistent with the current years' presentation.

# 2. Reconciliation of Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

# A. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statements of net assets. One element of that reconciliation explains that "capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds." The details of this \$ 1,175,003 difference are as follows:

Capital assets	\$ 1,845,596
Less: Accumulated depreciation	 (670,593)
Net adjustment to increase fund balance – total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position – governmental activities	\$ 1,175,003

# B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-Wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances includes reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this \$24,973 difference and other significant components of the difference are as follows:

Capital additions	\$ 3,701
Depreciation expense	 (28,674)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances -	
total governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position	
of governmental activities	\$ (24,973)

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 3. Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

# A. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis of consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. Appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and department. The District Manager may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers between departments and other changes require Board of Director's approval. The legal level of control is the department and fund level. The District made supplemental appropriations during the fiscal year. Encumbrance accounting is not employed in governmental funds.

# 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds

# A. Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments at June 30, 2018 consisted of the following:

Demand deposits and cash on hand	\$	108,686
Investments with Humboldt County Treasurer		357,446
Investments with Local Agency Investment Fund	***************************************	12,943
Total deposits and investments	\$	479,075

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's policy for deposits is that they will be made only in institutions in California, they shall be insured or collateralized with United States backed securities, and time certificates of deposit shall have a maturity of less than five years. At June 30, 2018, none of the District's bank balances of \$ 112,960 was exposed to credit risk.

Investments - At June 30, 2018, the District had the following investments.

Investment	Maturities	Fair	Value
Humboldt County Treasurer's Investment Fund Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	Average 953 days Average 194 days	\$	357,446 12,943
Totals		\$	370,389

The District categorizes its fair value investments within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The fair value of the District's investment in the County Treasurer's Fund and the LAIF is the same as the fair value of the pools' shares.

Interest Rate Risk - As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the District's investment policy limits the District's investment portfolio to investments in securities having maturities less than five years at the time of purchase.

Credit Risk - State law limits investments in various securities to certain level of risk ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. It is the District's policy to comply with State law as regards securities ratings. The Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) and the Humboldt County Treasurer's Investment Fund are unrated.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

# A. Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Custodial Credit Risk - For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's only investments are in the LAIF and the Humboldt County Treasurer's Investment Fund; and these investments are not evidenced by specific securities in the name of the District and are therefore not subject to custodial credit risk.

# B. Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the government's individual major and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, net of the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General Fund	Teen F	und	Total ernmental	Water and Wastewater	Total Business- Type
Governments Accounts	\$ - 5,466	\$	-	\$ 5,466	\$ 134,285 39,798_	\$ 134,285 39,798
Totals	\$ 5,465,466	\$		\$ 5,466	\$ 174,083	\$ 174,083

# C. Internal Balances

The balance of interfund loans was as follows at June 30, 2018.

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount	
Advances- Long Term Amounts Enterprise fund	General	\$	182,341	
	Total	\$	182,341	

The District's policy is that the governmental fund shall make annual repayments of \$8,000 to the enterprise fund until the obligation is repaid. The interfund advance bears no interest, the advances were made to enable the District to conduct and perform certain governmental activities.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

# D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity relating to governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 740,898	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 740,898
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	740,898	_	Total	740,898
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings	132,976	3,701	-	136,677
Machinery and equipment	67,233	-	-	67,233
Improvements	900,788			900,788
Total capital assets being depreciated	1,100,997	3,701		1,104,698
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	(61,912)	(3,033)	-	(64,945)
Machinery and equipment	(51,092)	(2,484))	-	(53,576)
Improvements	(528,915)	(23,157)		(552,072)
Total accumulated depreciation	(641,919)	(28,674)	-	(670,593)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	459,078	(24,973)		434,105
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 1,199,976	\$ (24,973)	\$ -	\$ 1,175,003

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

# D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity relating to business-type activities for the year ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

follows:	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Business-type activities:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated				
Land and rights of way	\$ 86,584	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 86,584
Construction in progress	67,438	325,614	-	393,052
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	154,022	325,614		479,636
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Water plant	108,055	-	-	108,055
Water transmission & distribution	234,933	-	-	234,933
Equipment	149,298	-	-	149,298
Wastewater leach fields	2,768.349	-	-	2,768.349
Wastewater pumping systems	1,432,231	-	-	1,432,231
Wastewater mains laterals	627,887	-	-	627,887
Wastewater tanks	439,499			439,499
Wastewater buildings and other	193,344			193,344
Total capital assets being depreciated	5,953,596		-	5,953,596
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Water system and equipment	(471,246)	(9,932)	-	(481,178)
Wastewater leach fields	(1,968,483)	(28,244)	-	(1,996,727)
Wastewater pumping system	(1,432,231)	-	-	(1,432,231)
Wastewater tanks, mains, laterals	(1,063,094)	(200)	-	(1,063,294)
Buildings and other	(185,068)			(185,068)
Total accumulated depreciation	(5,120,122)	(38,376)	-	(5,158,498)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	833,474	(38,376)		795,098
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$987,496	\$ 287,238	\$ -	\$1,274,734

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 4. Detailed Notes on All Funds (Continued)

# D. Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the District as follows:

Governmental activities: Community center Parks and recreation Total depreciation expense-governmental activities	\$ 23,157 5,517 \$ 28,674
Business-type activities: Water Wastewater Total depreciation expense-business type activities	\$ 9,932 28,444 \$ 38,376

# E. Long-Term Debt

Davis Grunsky Act Loan - Enterprise Water System

The District in 1968 entered into a loan agreement with the State of California for a construction loan to finance improvements to the District's water system. The original loan amount as adjusted was \$301,892 and was to bear interest at 3.3 percent per annum. Under the arrangement, the District was permitted to defer payment of interest on the loan for the first 5 years with such interest to be repaid over the remaining 45 year term of the loan. The District was required to establish a reserve fund in an amount specified by the State. The District as an entity has pledged to make the loan principal and interest repayments; and that pledge is secured by a voter-approved override tax. The District is obligated to levy taxes or assessments for the loan repayments should it not have sufficient resources available to make the scheduled payments. This loan was paid in full and retied in fiscal 2018.

Changes in Long-term liabilities

Long-term debt activity for the 2018 fiscal year was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reduction	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Business-Type Activities: Davis-Grunsky Act Loan Compensated absences	\$ 13,255 14,248	\$ - 14,240	\$ 13,255 14,248	\$ - 14,240	\$ - 11,740_
Totals	\$ 27,503	\$ 14,240	\$ 27,503	\$ 14,240	\$ 11,740

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

### 5. Other Information

# A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District carries insurance. The District, due to the costs of available coverage, participates as a member of the Special District Risk Management Authority (SDRMA) for purposes of general liability, property coverages and for workers compensation insurance.

SDRMA provides joint protection programs for public entities covering automobile, general liability, errors and omissions claims. Under the program, the District has a \$500 retention limit similar to a deductible with the SDRMA being responsible for losses above that amount up to \$2.5 million for liability combined single limit. Property coverage is also provided up to the replacement cost of the property with a combined total for SDRMA members of one billion dollars per occurrence.

The SDRMA provides also employee dishonesty coverage with limits of one million per loss. Boiler and machinery coverage is provided to members with coverage of up to \$100 million of replacement cost, and comprehensive and collision on selected vehicles. The District's obligations under the arrangement are to pay billed premiums for the specified coverages. The SDRMA may pay dividends to members or may make additional assessments depending on loss experience, but no dividends have been declared and no additional assessments have been levied.

The SDRMA provides workers compensation statutory insurance coverage and \$5 million for Employer's liability coverage subject to the terms, conditions, and exclusions provided in the memorandum of Coverage. Financial information pertaining to SDRMA can be obtained from its administrative offices at 1112 I Street, Suite 300, Sacramento, California 95814.

Liabilities of the District are reported in the statement of net assets when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The District's only exposure to claim liabilities would be for losses or additional assessments, if any, not covered by or imposed by SDRMA. There have been no significant changes in insurance coverages in fiscal 2018. Settlements have not exceeded coverage for each of the past three fiscal years. The District had no material uninsured claim liabilities at June 30, 2018 or 2017.

# **B.** Contingencies and Commitments

Litigation. The District is not involved in litigation incurred in the normal course of conducting District business. Grants and allocations. Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the county and state government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

# C. Public Employees Retirement System and Other Post- Employment Benefits Other Than Pensions

The District does not participate in the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS), and provides no other benefits such as retiree medical plans.

# Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

# 5. Other Information (Continued)

# D. Segment information.

The district has a separate agreement for a Davis Grunsky Loan used to provide financing for water system improvements. The District's water and wastewater departments are accounted for in a single fund, but the State of California may rely solely on the revenue generated by a particular activity for repayment of the loan. Summary information for each department is provided below. The water department operates the District's water supply system and the wastewater department operates the District's sewerage pumping, collection and treatment system.

# CONDENSED STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION:

	Water	Wastewater		
	Department	Department		
Operating revenues	\$ 163,721	\$ 186,688		
Depreciation expense	7,523	30,853		
Other operating expenses	157,502	155,449		
Operating income (loss)	(1,304)	386		
Non-operating revenues (expenses)				
Investment income	3,649	-		
Property taxes	3,928	***		
Capital planning grant	329,370			
Interest expense	(207)	609		
Change in net position	\$ 335,436	\$ 386		

# E. Infrastructure Improvement Project Grant

The District was awarded in fiscal 2017 a \$500,000 public water system improvement planning grant for the purpose of making water system improvements including project final plans and specifications, permitting costs, engineering and other related project costs. In fiscal 2018, the District was awarded a \$355,000 public wastewater infrastructure improvement grant.

# F. Beginning Net Position Governmental Activities

The beginning of year net position has been restated to capitalize building reconstruction costs incurred in prior years and considered maintenance and repairs in those years. The District has since determined that the costs to remodel/reconstruct a small building should be capitalized in its accounts. The impact of the restatement was to increase the beginning net position of the governmental activities by \$17,979 for a restated total of \$1,110,416 as of June 30, 2017.

# Required Supplementary Information Manila Community Services District Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgeted	Amounts			
	Original Final		Actual Amounts	Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Fund Balance, July 1 Resources (inflows): Rents:	\$ (114,234)	\$ (114,234)	\$ (114,234)	\$ -	
Community center Charges for services:	64,508	64,508	69,799	5,291 -	
Recreation vehicles Interest Miscellaneous:	3,850 -	3,850 -	4,425 972	575 972	
Other Property taxes	2,600 19,000	1,100 19,000	28,358	(1,100) 9,358	
Amounts available for charges to appropriations  Charges to appropriations:  Parks:	(24,276)	(25,776)	(10,680)	15,096	
Personnel	7,458	7,458	10,817	(3,359)	
Utilities	3,600	3,600	3,846	(246)	
Adminsitration	4,300	4,300	3,576	724	
Other costs	7,000	7,000	8,893	(1,893)	
Total parks Community center:	22,358	22,358	27,132	(4,774)	
Personnel	23,715	23,715	20,226	3,489	
Utilities	5,000	5,000	12,126	(7,126)	
Administration Other costs	6,200 28,308	6,200 28,308	5,934 16,948	266 11,360	
Public works	1,500	1,500	1,905	(405)	
Total community center	64,723	64,723	57,139	7,584	
Total charges to appropriations	87,081	87,081	84,271	2,810	
Fund Balances June 30, 2018	\$ (111,357)	\$ (112,857)	\$ (94,951)	\$ 17,906	

# Required Supplementary Information Manila Community Services District Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund Note to RSI For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

# Note A. Explanation of Difference between Budgetary Inflows and Outflows and GAAP Revenues and expenditures:

Sources/inflows resources:  Actual amounts "available for appropriation" from budgetary comparison schedule:	\$	(10,680)
Differences - budget to GAAP:		
The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary		
resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting		
purposes	***************************************	114,234
Total revenues as reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures	_	
and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	\$	103,554

# Manila Community Services District Combining Schedule of Water and Sewer Department Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Depar			
	Water System	Sewer System	Totals	
Operating Revenues: Sewer service fees Water sales Other revenues	\$ - 159,327 4,394	\$ 179,782 - 6,906	\$	179,782 159,327 11,300
Total operating revenues	163,721	186,688		350,409
Operating Expenses Salaries, wages, and benefits Administration Maintenance Professional services Travel and utilities Water purchases Other expenses Depreciation	77,630 14,190 6,493 5,625 4,562 48,201 801 7,523	93,987 8,791 18,574 6,575 24,963 - - 30,853		171,617 22,981 25,067 12,200 29,525 48,201 801 38,376
Total operating expenses	165,025	183,743	**************************************	348,768
Operating Income (Loss)	(1,304)	2,945		1,641
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) Investment income Property taxes Other expense Interest expense	3,649 3,928 - (207)	- - (2,559) -	Revision	3,649 3,928 (2,559) (207)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	7,370	(2,559)	\$000personalisms commonwealth	4,811
Capital contributions: Proposition 1 grant	329,370		<b>APPLICATION</b>	329,370
Change in Net Position	\$ 335,436	\$ 386	\$	335,822



Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based On an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

Independent Auditor's Report

President and Members
Of the Board of Directors
Manila Community Services District
Arcata, California

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the Manila Community Services District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Manila Community Services District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 30, 2018 which report was qualified as to all opinion units except for the Teen Fund as regards the ability of the General Fund to repay an interfund loan to the District's enterprise fund.

### Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Manila Community Services District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Manila Community Services District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Manila Community Services District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Manila Community Services District's financial statements are free from material misstatement. I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

### **Purpose of Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control and compliance: Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose,

Terry E. Krieg, CPA

Santa Rosa, California November 30, 2018